

Fall 2016      INF2190H

Midterm Test, L0101

October 18, 2016, 6:30pm-8:00pm

This is a **closed** book and notes exam. You have **90 minutes** for a total of 30 points.

**This booklet contains 8 pages, including the cover page and two pages as scratch paper at the back.**

PLEASE WRITE YOUR NAME ON EACH PAGE !

Last name: \_\_\_\_\_

First name: \_\_\_\_\_

Student Number: \_\_\_\_\_

Problem 1      \_\_\_\_\_      (out of 15)

Problem 2      \_\_\_\_\_      (out of 15)

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TOTAL      \_\_\_\_\_      (out of 30)

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1. **PROBLEM 1, (15 points)**

For each of the following statements, indicate whether they are true (T) or false (F). Each correct answer is worth 1 point.

- (a) \_\_\_ Data Mining can only be a descriptive process.
- (b) \_\_\_ Data Mining contains Clustering as one of its methods.
- (c) \_\_\_ Association Rules are a method used to group similar objects together.
- (d) \_\_\_ In Association Rule mining, if  $X \rightarrow Y$  then  $Y \rightarrow X$ .
- (e) \_\_\_ If the minimum support is set to 50%, the same holds for the minimum confidence.
- (f) \_\_\_ The standard deviation of a set of numerical values is used to measure popularity of these values.
- (g) \_\_\_ "Mode" is the value that occurs more frequently in (categorical) data.
- (h) \_\_\_ When discretizing a set of numerical values we *always* create bins with equal number of values.
- (i) \_\_\_ Euclidean distance is derived from Minkowski distance.
- (j) \_\_\_ Consider the following set of numbers  $\{5, 5, 5, 20, 20, 20\}$ . Their equi-width binning with  $N = 3$  is the same as their equi-depth binning with 2 elements in each bin..
- (k) \_\_\_ In  $k$ -means,  $k$  stands for the number of elements in each cluster.
- (l) \_\_\_  $k$ -means can only be performed on numerical data sets.
- (m) \_\_\_ If we have three items, the total number of possible subsets is 7 (do not count the subset with no items in it)
- (n) \_\_\_ Clustering is a supervised technique.
- (o) \_\_\_ The value " $Age = -20$ ", indicates that our data is dirty.

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2. **PROBLEM 2 (10 points)**

Circle the correct answer in the following questions.

**Question 1** Which of the following is not a data mining algorithm?

- (a) Ranking
- (b) Clustering
- (c) Association Rule Mining
- (d) Classification

**Question 2** Which of the following is *not* a Data Cleaning task ?

- (a) Fill-in missing values
- (b) Remove noisy data
- (c) Remove outliers
- (d) None of the above

**Question 3** What is a frequent itemset ?

- (a) A set of items with high confidence
- (b) A set of items with high support
- (c) A set of items bought in a supermarket
- (d) A set of items that we store in a database

**Question 4** Which of the following is a subset of the set {nuts, bread, beer}.

- (a) {milk, butter, nuts, beer}
- (b) {beer, nuts}
- (c) {diapers}
- (d) {milk, butter, nuts, dipers}

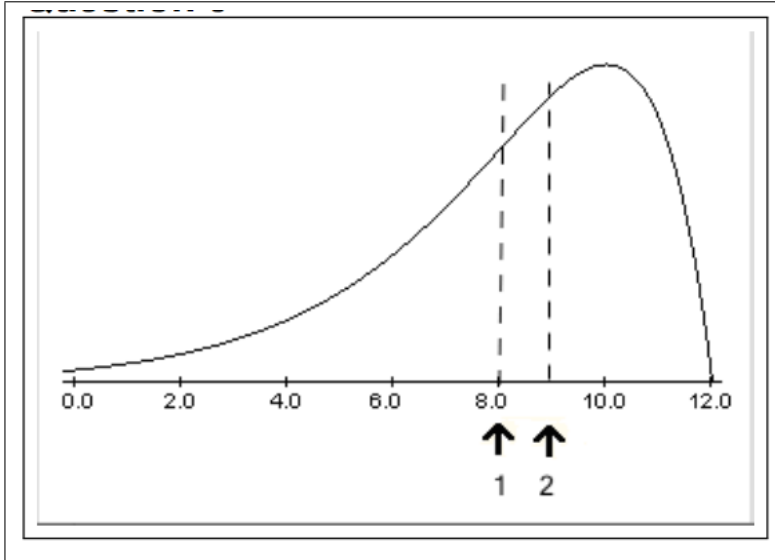
**Question 5** Which of the following statements involves dirty data (inconsistencies)

- (a) Age=30 and Birthday="12/12/1970
- (b) Salary=-10
- (c) P.Andritsos and Periklis Andritsos are two different people
- (d) all of the above

**Question 6** Given two items,  $X$  and  $Y$  such that  $Y \rightarrow X$ , *Confidence* is the percentage of transactions where if  $Y$  is included then  $X$  is also included.

- (a) True
- (b) False

**Question 7** Given the following graph of a distribution, what are the correct labels for 1. and 2. ?



- (a) 1. is the "mean" and 2. is the "median"
- (b) 1. is the "median" and 2. is the "mean"
- (c) None of the above.

**Question 8** In a normal distribution

- (a) From  $\mu - 2\sigma$  to  $\mu + 2\sigma$ , we find 99.7% of the data
- (b) From  $\mu - 3\sigma$  to  $\mu + 3\sigma$ , we find 68% of the data
- (c) none of the above

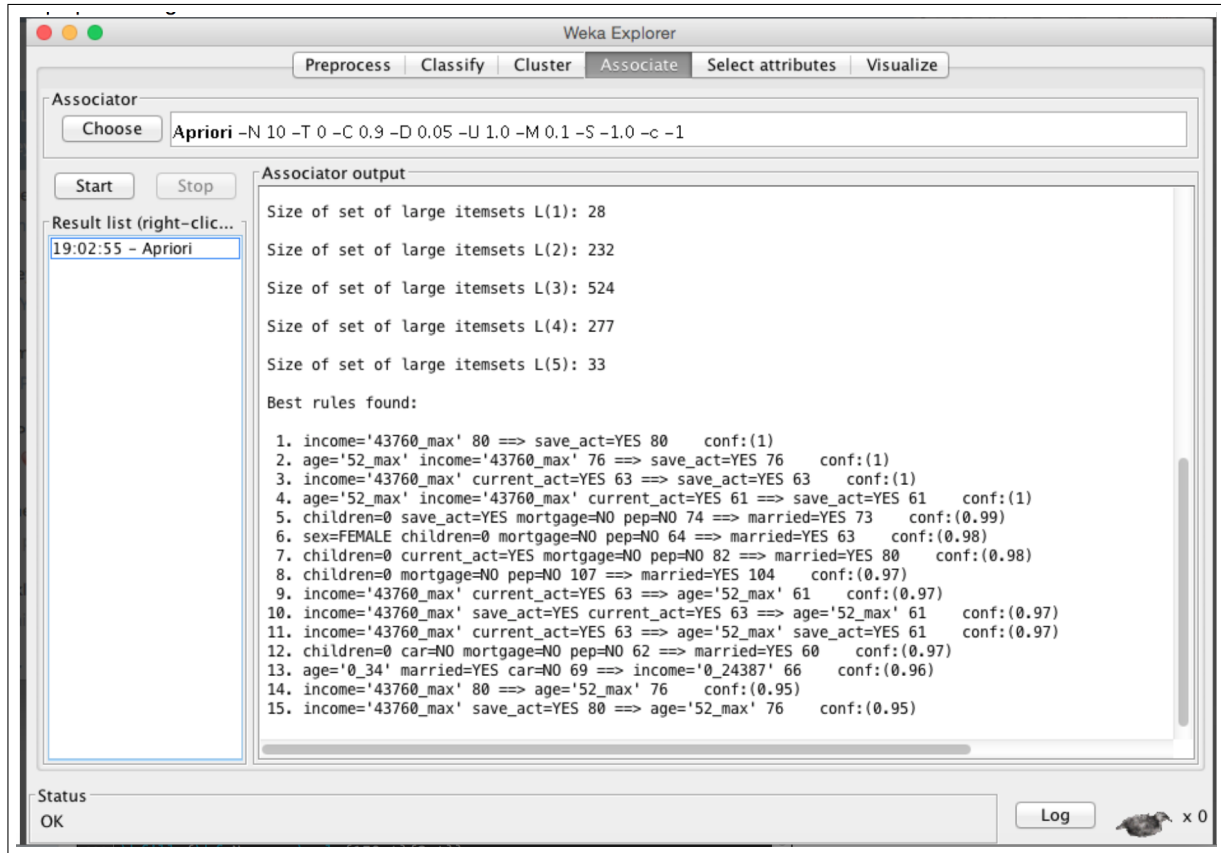
**Question 9** If  $A$  is a frequent itemset and  $B$  is a frequent itemset, then

- (a)  $AB$  is a frequent itemset.
- (b)  $AB$  is not a frequent itemset.
- (c) we cannot tell if  $AB$  is also a frequent itemset
- (d) non of the above

**Question 10** If the minimum support is set to 50%, then

- (a) the minimum confidence is set to 50% as well
- (b) the minimum confidence is set to at least 10% more
- (c) we first set the minimum confidence and then the support
- (d) we set confidence at a different number as we wish
- (e) none of the above

**Question 11** Given the following picture, explain rule 12.



- (a) There are 60 people in the data set that are not married.
- (b) If there are no children and no car, and if mortgage and pep are set to NO, then there is a probability of 97% that married is set to YES.
- (c) If there are no children and no car and pep is on NO, then the person is married.

**Question 12** If the Manhattan distance between two objects is equal to 0.233, then

- (a) the objects will be placed together in a  $k$ -means procedure
- (b) their Euclidean distance is not necessarily the same
- (c) the value of  $k$  will be small
- (d) none of the above

**Question 13** Euclidean distance

- (a) is sensitive to outliers
- (b) get computed between records of numerical data
- (c) contains a square root
- (d) all of the above

**Question 14** Three frequent pairs  $(p, q)$ ,  $(r, s)$  and  $(t, u)$  have been found in association rule mining. What is the minimum number of rules that may be derived from these three pairs ?

- (a) 6
- (b) 3
- (c) 0
- (d) 1

**Question 15** Given the table of transactions

TID	
T1	A, B
T2	A,B,D
T3	B,D
T4	B,C,D

- (a) The itemset  $\{B, D\}$  has support 50%
- (b) The itemset  $\{C, D\}$  has support 75%
- (c) Rule  $B \rightarrow D$  has confidence 100%
- (d) Rule  $D \rightarrow B$  has confidence 100%

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Scratch paper.

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Scratch paper.